



10. (original) The equalizer of claim 3, wherein the first port is coupled to an optical circulator.

11. (original) The equalizer of claim 3, comprising a fold mirror for directing a beam of light transmitted from the diffraction grating to a second port spatially displaced from the first port.

12. (original) The equalizer of claim 11, wherein the first and second ports are optically coupled to input and output waveguides.

13. (original) The equalizer of claim 12, wherein the input and output optical waveguides include thermally expanded core fibers.

14. (original) An equalizer comprising:

a first port for launching a multiplexed beam of light;

an aberration corrected diffraction grating having a concave surface for spatially dispersing the multiplexed beam of light into a plurality of sub-beams of light and focusing each sub-beam of light onto a focal plane thereof;

a modulator array disposed substantially at the focal plane for selectively attenuating each sub-beam of light and reflecting each sub-beam of light back to the diffraction grating for recombination into a single beam of light; and

a second port for receiving the single beam of light.

15. (original) The equalizer of claim 14, wherein the modulator array is designed to reflect each sub-beam of light back to the diffraction grating at approximately a same position that it was diffracted from.

16. (original) The equalizer of claim 15, wherein the modulator array comprises means for controlling a position of light reflection on the diffraction grating.

18. (original) A method of attenuation comprising the steps of:  
    launching light having multiple wavelength signals;  
    diffracting the light and focusing the diffracted light onto a modulator array  
using a concave diffraction grating; and  
    reflecting the light back to the concave diffraction grating.

19. (currently amended) The method of claim 18 17, wherein the step of reflecting the light back to the concave grating comprises using a modulator array with ~~at least one of a micro-electrical-mechanical array, a polymer dispersed liquid crystal array, a concave surface, and a convex surface.~~

20. Cancelled

21. (new) The method according to claim 19, wherein the concave surface of the modulator array has a radius of curvature substantially equal to a focal length of the diffraction grating.